

Today we will... learn about STD facts and prevention methods.

By the end of class... you will be able to explain common STD symptoms and prevention methods.

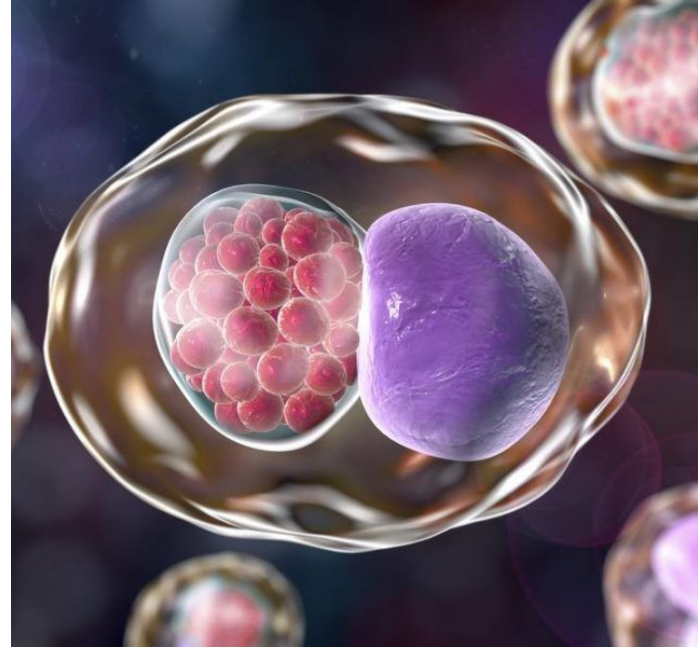
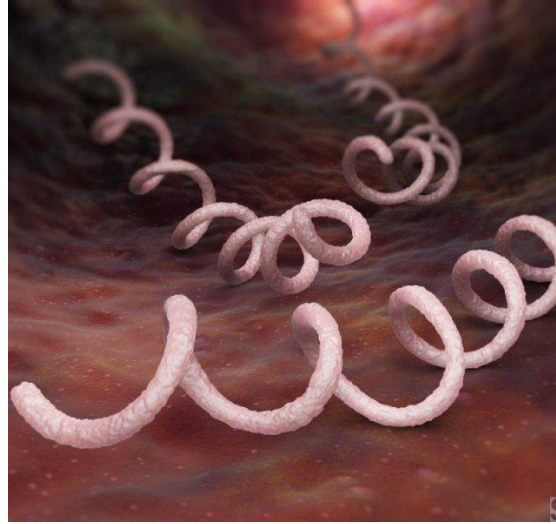
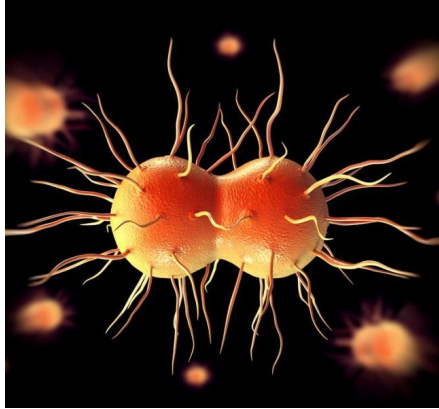
STDs/STIs

Same Thing!



STD- Sexually Transmitted Disease

STI- Sexually Transmitted Infection



What Is It?

- Infections that spread from person to person through sexual contact (body parts or fluids).

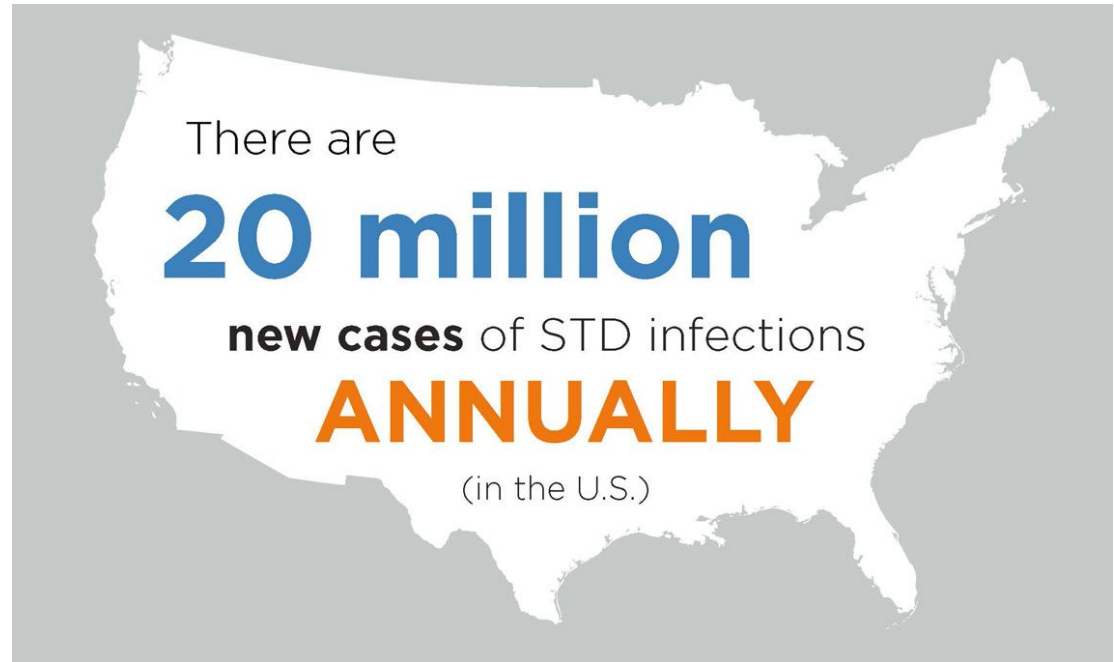
HPV *most common Herpes *common

Reported cases in 2016:

	DuPage County	In the United States
Chlamydia *curable	2,417	1,598,354
Gonorrhea *curable	390	468,514
Syphilis *curable	34	27,814

How's It Spread?

- From person to person through **sexual contact** (body parts or fluids).



Symptoms:

Varies depending on specific STI.

- Pain in lower abdominal region
- Abnormal discharge
- Burning during urination
- Itching or irritation
- Bumps, blisters, sores, warts



Some STIs show no symptoms- **asymptomatic**

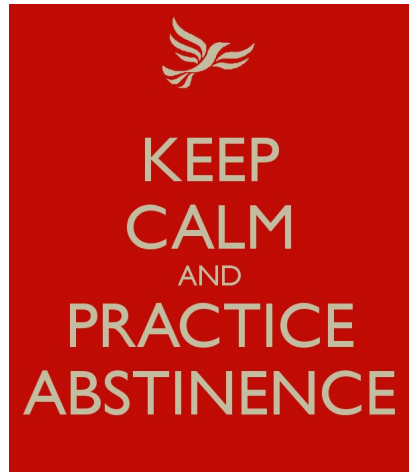
Treatment:

- After diagnosed with blood or urine test, **antibiotics** are used to treat infection.




Prevention:

ABSTINENCE!!! - The only way to completely (100%) prevent pregnancy and STIs.



Condoms can prevent most STIs if used properly.

Not
completely
reliable

Method of Birth Control	How Many Couples Using This Method Will Get Pregnant in a Year?	How Well Does This Method Work in Preventing Pregnancy?	Can This Method Also Protect Against STDs?
Consistent Abstinence	None	Completely effective	Yes
Condom 	18 out of 100	Moderately effective	Yes
Not Using Any Birth Control	85 out of 100	Not effective	No
Birth Control Pill	9 out of 100	Effective	No



Still risky with an 18% failure rate

Where to Get Help:

- Gynecologist
- Urologist
- Doctor

